

Interlock Switches with Solenoid HS1T 2-Contact/4-Contact



# Slim interlock switches with 5000N locking force

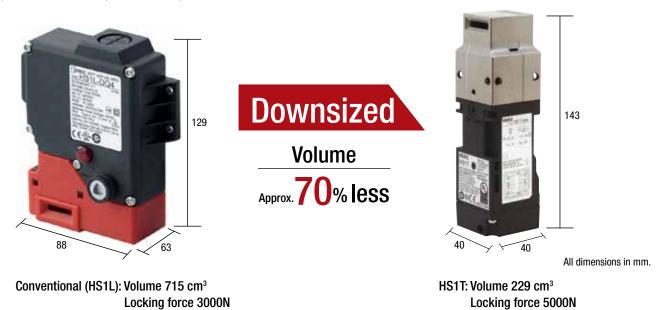
Supporting safety for advancing technology

**IDEC CORPORATION** 

# Interlock switches with 5000N locking force

# Locking force of more than 5000N (40mm-wide slim model)

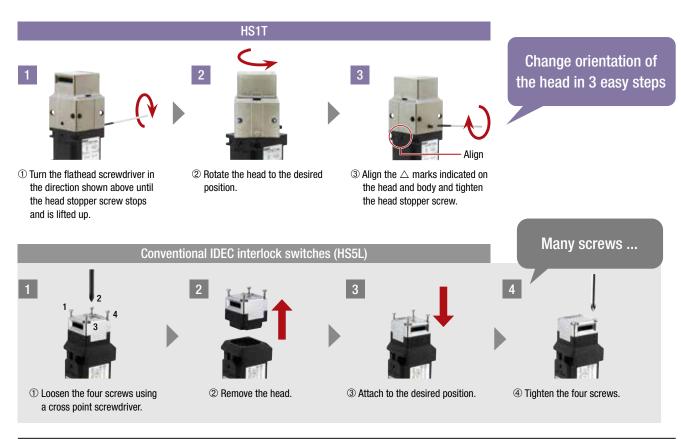
Smallest size in the industy (\*1) Greatly downsized from IDEC's HS1L interlock switches. \*1) Based on IDEC research (as of March, 2019)



The head can be rotated to allow the actuator entry direction to be changed easily

• Head rotating structure. Can be roated without removing the head.

• Prevents invalid operation. (On usual interlock switches, the NC contact closes when the head is removed)





# Lock status can be identified from the front – Rear unlock mechanical indicator (First in the industry) (\*1)

Mechanical indicator function allows the lock status to be easily identified from the front while the rear unlock mechanical indicator is pressed.

If HS1T is used

Note: Interlock switches with rear unlock mechanical indicator function only.

\*1) Based on IDEC research (as of March, 2019).

# Conventional (HS5L)



In conventional models, because the lock status cannot be identified from the front, the system cannot be restarted when the safety circuit is on. Therefore, it is necessary to find out which safety circuit is on.

# NEW

# Angle adjustable actuator (vertical/horizontal)

New angle adjustable actuators available with retention force of 5000N.

Strength enforced with a metal cover. Rear and side mount possible.



Right angle Straight actuator

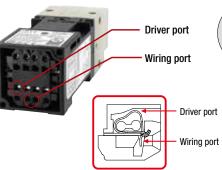
# Rear unlocking button

Door lock can be unlocked inside the barrier by a worker left inside a hazardous area.



Spring clamp terminals

Spring clamp terminals offer excellent vibration resistance, preventing wires from loosening. No need for additional tightening.





Before unlock



After unlock

The lock status can be easily identified from the front even when the lock is released.

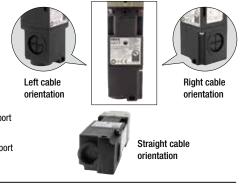
# Energy efficient 200mA solenoid consumption

Because the solenoid current for locking operation is 200mA, the solenoid can be activated without using a relay.



# Side-conduit model

Cables can be connected to the right, left, or bottom (for straight cable orientation) of the terminal cover. Long marking tubes can be used on the wiring cables.



# HS1T Interlock Switches with Solenoid

# Ideal for use on large doors and large equipment requiring strong locking force

- Smallest in the industry with 5000N locking force. (\*1)
- Rear unlock mechanical indicator allows the lock status to be identified from the front and back. (First in the industry) (\*1)
- Head rotating function enables the actuator entry direction to be changed easily.
- Side-conduit model available.
- Two- and four-contact models available.
- Spring clamp terminal prevents loosening of wires.
- Energy efficient 200mA solenoid consumption.
- · Solenoid lock and spring lock models available.
- Mechanical durability: 2,000,000 operations
- \*1) Based on IDEC research (as of March, 2020)



#### **Specifications**

Applicable StandardsUL508 (UL Listing approval), CSA C22.2 No.14 (c-UL Listing approval), (GB/T 14048.5 (CCC) IEC60204-1/EN60204-1Type and Coded levelType 2 low level coded interlocking device (IS014119Operating Temperature-25 to + 55°C (no freezing)Relative Humidity20 to 95% (no condensation)Storage Temperature-40 to +80°C (no freezing)Pollution Degree3 (contacts: 2)Impulse Withstand Voltage2.5kV (between LED, solenoid and grounding: 0.5kV)Insulation Resistance (500V DC megger)Between live and dead metal parts: 100MΩ min. Between terminals of different poles: 100MΩ min. Between terminals of different poles: 100MΩ min. Between terminals of different poles: 100MΩ min. Between terminals of 00perating extremes: 100m/s² (10G), Damage limits: 100m/s² (10G), Damage limits: 30Hz, amplitude 0.35 min. Damage limits: 30Hz, amplitude 1.5mm min.Actuator Operating Speed0.05 to 1.0m/sDirect Opening Travel12mm min.Direct Opening Force (*1)120NActuator Retention Force (*1)Fzh = 5,000N min. (GS-ET-19) (*3)Operating Frequency 900 operations per hour3,000 times min. (AC-15 0.75A/250V) 2,000,000 times min. (AC-15 0.75A/250V) 2,000,000 times min. (24V AC/DC, 100mA) (Operating Frequency: 900 operations per hour)Electrical Durability2,000,000 times min. (AC-15 0.75A/250V) 2,000,000 times	-							
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Damage limits: 30Hz, amplitude 1.5mm min.         Actuator Operating Speed       0.05 to 1.0m/s         Direct Opening Travel       12mm min.         Direct Opening Force       120N         Actuator Retention Force (*1)       Fzh = 5,000N min. (GS-ET-19) (*3)         Operating Frequency       900 operations per hour         Rear Unlock Button Mechanical Durability       3,000 times min. (HS1T-□L)         Mechanical Durability       2,000,000 times min.         Electrical Durability       100,000 times min. (AC-15 0.75A/250V) 2,000,000 times min. (24V AC/DC, 100mA) (Operating Frequency: 900 operations per hour)         Conditional Short-circuit Current       50A (250V) (*2)         Cable       0.3mm² min. and 1.5mm² max. or AWG22 min. to AWG16 max. stranded wire or solid wire	Shock Resistance							
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Rear Unlock Button Mechanical Durability       3,000 times min. (HS1T-□L)         Mechanical Durability       2,000,000 times min.         Ilectrical Durability       2,000,000 times min. (AC-15 0.75A/250V)         Electrical Durability       2,000,000 times min. (AC-15 0.75A/250V)         Conditional Short-circuit Current       50A (250V) (*2)         Cable       0.3mm² min. and 1.5mm² max. or AWG22 min. to AWG16 max. stranded wire or solid wire		Fzh = 5,000N min. (GS-ET-19) (*3)						
Mechanical Durability       3,000 times min. (HST1-LL)         Mechanical Durability       2,000,000 times min.         Electrical Durability       100,000 times min. (AC-15 0.75A/250V)         2,000,000 times min. (AC-15 0.75A/250V)       2,000,000 times min. (24V AC/DC, 100mA)         Conditional Short-circuit       50A (250V) (*2)         Cable       0.3mm² min. and 1.5mm² max. or AWG22 min. to AWG16 max. stranded wire or solid wire	Operating Frequency	900 operations per hour						
Electrical Durability         100,000 times min. (AC-15 0.75A/250V) 2,000,000 times min. (24V AC/DC, 100mA) (Operating Frequency: 900 operations per hour)           Conditional Short-circuit Current         50A (250V) (*2)           Cable         0.3mm² min. and 1.5mm² max. or AWG22 min. to AWG16 max. stranded wire or solid wire		3,000 times min. (HS1T-□L)						
Electrical Durability       2,000,000 times min. (24V AC/DC, 100mA) (Operating Frequency: 900 operations per hour)         Conditional Short-circuit Current       50A (250V) (*2)         Cable       0.3mm² min. and 1.5mm² max. or AWG22 min. to AWG16 max. stranded wire or solid wire	Mechanical Durability	2,000,000 times min.						
Current         50A (250V) (*2)           Cable         0.3mm <sup>2</sup> min. and 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> max. or AWG22 min. to AWG16 max. stranded wire or solid wire	Electrical Durability	2,000,000 times min. (24V AC/DC, 100mA)						
Cable AWG16 max. stranded wire or solid wire								
	Cable							
Weight (approx.) 450g	Weight (approx.)	450g						

\*1) See page 17 regarding actuator retention force.

\*2) Use 250V/10A fast-blow fuse for short-circuit protection.

\*3) The actuator retention force of HS1T is 5000N at static load.

Make sure that a force exceeding the above specification is not applied. In the event where the actuator retention force might exceed the expected load, add a system that can detect the opening of the door and stops the machine, such as adding another safety switch without lock (such as HS5D) or a sensor.



#### 1 Additional Marking to indicate Lock Monitoring

This new international marking for lock monitoring is described in clause 9.2.1 of ISO14119 and is used to satisfy the requirements shown below. 5.7.1 General requirements

5.7.2.2 Locking monitoring

The lock monitor circuit (contacts) with this marking can monitor both the status of protective doors and locking function. (locking monitor contact [circuits] opens when the protective door is closed and locked)

Both HS1T spring lock and solenoid lock models have marking for lock monitoring. Note that solenoid lock models can be used in applications where lock for safety purpose is found unnecessary after a risk assessment, e.g. locking is needed for purposes such as in production process.

# Ratings

# Contact Ratings

Rated	l Insu	lation Voltage (Ui)	250V (between LED, solenoid and grounding: 30V)						
Rated	l Curr	ent (Ith)	2.5A	2.5A					
Rated	l Volta	age (Ue)	30V	125V	250V				
d (le)*	AC	Resistive Load (AC-12)	_	2.5A	1.5A				
it (jed	AU	Inductive Load (AC-15)		1.5A	0.75A				
Rated rrent (I	DC	Resistive Load (DC-12)	2.0A	0.4A	0.2A				
G	00	Inductive Load (DC-13)	1.0A	0.22A	0.1A				

Minimum applicable load (reference): 3V AC/DC, 5mA

(Applicable range may vary with operating conditions and load types.) \* UL, c-UL rating: Pilot Duty AC 0.75A/250V, Pilot Duty DC 1.0A/30V

TÜV rating: AC-15 0.75A/250V, DC-13 1.0A/30V

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CCC rating: AC-15 0.75A/250V, DC-13 1.0A/30V
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#### Solenoid

Locking Mechanism	Spring Lock	Solenoid Lock				
Rated Voltage	100% duty cycle at 2	24V DC				
Rated Current	200mA (initial value)					
Coil Resistance	120Ω (at 20°C)					
Pickup Voltage	Rated voltage × 85%	% max. (at 20°C)				
Dropout Voltage	Rated voltage × 10% min. (at 20°C)					
Maximum Continuous Applicable Voltage	Rated voltage × 110%					
Maximum Continuous Applicable Time	Continuous					
Insulation Class	Class F					

#### Indicator

24V DC 100% duty cycle
10mA
LED
G (Green)

4

## 4-Contact (Spring Lock/Solenoid Lock)

Package Quantity: 1

			Gland	Spring lock	Solenoid
Circuit Code	Contact Co	onfiguration	Port Size		t No.
	Door Monitor (Actuator inserted) []	Lock Monitor (Spring lock—Solenoid OFF Solenoid lock—Solenoid ON (+) $(-)$ A2 $(-)$ A1		HS1T-VA44ZM-G	HS1T-VA7Y4ZM-G
VA	Door Monitor: 1NC,1NO Monitor Circuit: ⊖ 11 - 12 Monitor Circuit: 23 24 Monitor Circuit:	Lock Monitor Circuit: 1NC,1NO 41 + 42 IF (Note) 53 54	M20	HS1T-VA44ZSM-G (side-conduit model)	HS1T-VA7Y4ZSM-G (side-conduit model)
VB	Door Monitor: 1NC,1NO Monitor Circuit: $\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	Lock Monitor Circuit: 2NC 41 + 42 IF (Note) 51 + 52 IP (Note)	M20	HS1T-VB44ZM-G	HS1T-VB7Y4ZM-G
VC	Door Monitor: 2NC Monitor Circuit: $\ominus 11 + 12$ Monitor Circuit: $\ominus 21 + 22$	Lock Monitor Circuit: 1NC,1NO 41 + 42 Ter (Note)	M20	HS1T-VC44ZM-G	HS1T-VC7Y4ZM-G
	Monitor Circuit:	5 <u>3</u> 54		HS1T-VC44ZSM-G (side-conduit model)	HS1T-VC7Y4ZSM-G (side-conduit model)
VD	Door Monitor: 2NC Monitor Circuit: $\ominus 11 + 12$	Lock Monitor Circuit: 2NC 41 + 42 1 (Note)	M20	HS1T-VD44ZM-G	HS1T-VD7Y4ZM-G
	Monitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 21 + 22$ Monitor Circuit:	5 <u>1</u> <u>52</u> (Note)	WIZU	HS1T-VD44ZSM-G (side-conduit model)	HS1T-VD7Y4ZSM-G (side-conduit model)
VF	Door Monitor: 3NC Monitor Circuit: ⊖ 11+12	Lock Monitor Circuit: 1NC	M20	HS1T-VF44ZM-G	HS1T-VF7Y4ZM-G
	Monitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 21 + 22$ Monitor Circuit: $\odot 31 + 32$			HS1T-VF44ZSM-G (side-conduit model)	HS1T-VF7Y4ZSM-G (side-conduit model)
VG	Door Monitor: 2NC,1NO Monitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 11 + 12$	Lock Monitor Circuit: 1NC	M20	HS1T-VG44ZM-G	HS1T-VG7Y4ZM-G
	Monitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 21 + 22$ Monitor Circuit: $33 - 34$			HS1T-VG44ZSM-G (side-conduit model)	HS1T-VG7Y4ZSM-G (side-conduit model)
VH	Door Monitor: 1NC Monitor Circuit: ⊖1 <u>1+12</u> Monitor Circuit: Monitor Circuit:	Lock Monitor Circuit: 3NC $41 + 42$ $10^{\circ}$ (Note) $51 + 52$ $10^{\circ}$ (Note) $61 + 62$ $10^{\circ}$ (Note)	M20	HS1T-VH44ZM-G	HS1T-VH7Y4ZM-G
٧J	Door Monitor: 1NC Monitor Circuit: ⊖1 <u>1+12</u> Monitor Circuit: Monitor Circuit:	Lock Monitor Circuit: 2NC, 1NO 41 + 42 $1$ (Note) 51 + 52 $1$ (Note) 63 - 64	M20	HS1T-VJ44ZM-G	HS1T-VJ7Y4ZM-G
vw	Door Monitor: 1NO Monitor Circuit: 1 <u>3</u> 14 Monitor Circuit: Monitor Circuit:	Lock Monitor Circuit: 3NC 41 + 42 $1$ (Note) 51 + 52 $1$ (Note) 61 + 62 $1$ (Note)	M20	HS1T-VW44ZM-G	HS1T-VW7Y4ZM-G
vx	Door Monitor: 1NO Monitor Circuit: 1 <u>3 14</u> Monitor Circuit: Monitor Circuit:	Lock Monitor Circuit: 2NC, 1NO 41 + 42 $12$ (Note) 51 + 52 $12$ (Note) 63 + 64	M20	HS1T-VX44ZM-G	HS1T-VX7Y4ZM-G

• The contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted and the switch is locked.

• Actuators are not supplied with the interlock switch and must be ordered separately.

• For safety circuit input, connect to the monitor circuit with 🕑 marking.

• For side-conduit model, contact IDEC for details. (Part No: HS1T-DDDSM-G)

• See page 9 to 12 for circuit diagrams and operating characteristics.

Note: Both spring lock and solenoid lock models have marking for lock monitoring. Note that solenoid lock models can be used in applications where lock for safety purpose is found unnecessary after a risk assessment, e.g. locking is needed for purposes such as in production processes.

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	pring Lock/Solenoid Lock)			Coring look	Package Quanti Solenoid
Circuit Code	Contact Cont	figuration	Gland Port Size	Spring lock	t No.
XD	Door Monitor (Actuator inserted) Door Monitor: 1NC Monitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 11 + 12$ Monitor Circuit:	Lock Monitor (Spring lock $\rightarrow$ Solenoid OFF Solenoid lock $\rightarrow$ Solenoid ON (+) $(-)$ A2 $(-)$ A1 Lock Monitor Circuit: 1NC (+) $(+)(+)$ $(+)$ $(+)(+)$ $(+)$ $(+)(+)$ $(+)$ $(+)$ $(+)$ $(+)$ $(+)$	M20	HS1T-XD44ZM-G	HS1T-XD7Y4ZM-G
XF	Door Monitor: 2NC Monitor Circuit: ⊖ 11 + 12 Monitor Circuit: ⊖ 2 <u>1 + 22</u>		M20		HS1T-XF7Y4ZM-G
XG	Door Monitor: 1NC, 1NO Monitor Circuit: $\ominus 11 + 12$ Monitor Circuit: $23 + 24$		M20		HS1T-XG7Y4ZM-G
ХН	Monitor Circuit: Monitor Circuit:	Lock Monitor Circuit: 2NC 4 <u>1 + 42</u> 만 (Note) 5 <u>1 + 52</u> 만 (Note)	M20	HS1T-XH44ZM-G HS1T-XH44ZSM-G (side-conduit model) HS1T-XH44ZLM-G (rear unlock button model) HS1T-XH44ZLSM-G (rear unlock button model, side-conduit model)	HS1T-XH7Y4ZM-G HS1T-XH7Y4ZSM-G (side-conduit model)
XJ	Monitor Circuit: Monitor Circuit:	Lock Monitor Circuit: 1NC, 1NO 4 <u>1 + 42</u> <u>u</u> (Note) 5 <u>3 54</u>	M20	HS1T-XJ44ZM-G	HS1T-XJ7Y4ZM-G

• The contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted and the switch is locked.

• Actuators are not supplied with the interlock switch and must be ordered separately.

• For side-conduit model, contact IDEC for details. (Part No: HS1T-DDDSM-G)

• See page 13 to 14 for circuit diagrams and operating characteristics.

Note: Both spring lock and solenoid lock models have marking for lock monitoring. Note that solenoid lock models can be used in applications where lock for safety purpose is found unnecessary after a risk assessment, e.g. locking is needed for purposes such as in production processes.

# 4-Contact/Rear Unlock Button (Spring Lock)

I-Contact/F	Rear Unlock Button (Spring Lock)		Package Quantity:
Circuit Code	Contact Configuration	Gland	Spring lock
	-	Port Size	Part No.
VA	Door Monitor (Actuator inserted) Door Monitor: 1NC, 1NO Monitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 11 + 12$ Monitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 11 + 12$ Monitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 31 + 12$ $\bigcirc 31 $	M20	HS1T-VA44ZLM-G
VB	Door Monitor: 1NC, 1NOLock Monitor Circuit: 2NCMonitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 11 + 12$ $41 + 42$ $\bigcirc 10$ Monitor Circuit: $23 + 24$ $51 + 52$ $\bigcirc 10$ Monitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 11 + 12$ $\bigcirc 11 + 12$ $\bigcirc 11 + 12$ Monitor Circuit: $23 + 24$ $\bigcirc 11 + 52$ $\bigcirc 10$ Monitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 11 + 12$ $\bigcirc 11 + 52$ $\bigcirc 10$	M20	HS1T-VB44ZLM-G
VC	Door Monitor: 2NCLock Monitor Circuit: 1NC, 1NOMonitor Circuit: $\ominus 11 + 12$ $41 + 42$ Monitor Circuit: $\ominus 21 + 22$ $53$ Monitor Circuit: $53$ $54$	M20	HS1T-VC44ZLM-G
VD	Door Monitor: 2NCLock Monitor Circuit: 2NCMonitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 11 + 12$ $41 + 42$ Monitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 21 + 22$ $51 + 52$ Monitor Circuit: $51 + 52$	M20	HS1T-VD44ZLM-G HS1T-VD44ZLSM-G (side-conduit model)
VF	Door Monitor: 3NCLock Monitor Circuit: 1NCMonitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 11 + 12$ $41 + 42$ Monitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 21 + 22$ Monitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 31 + 32$	M20	HS1T-VF44ZLM-G HS1T-VF44ZLSM-G (side-conduit model)
VJ	Door Monitor: 1NC       Lock Monitor Circuit: 2NC,1NO         Monitor Circuit:       ⊕ 11 + 12       41 + 42       1r         Monitor Circuit:       ⊕ 51 + 52       1r       (Note)         Monitor Circuit:       63 - 64       64	M20	HS1T-VJ44ZLM-G

• See page 8 to 9 for circuit diagrams and operating characteristics.

#### 4-Contact/Dual Safety Circuit (Spring Lock)

Spring lock Gland Circuit Code **Contact Configuration** Port Size Part No. Main Circuit: 1NC+1NC, 1NC+1NC Door Monitor Lock Monitor (Actuator inserted) (Solenoid OFF) HS1T-DD44ZM-G (+) (-) A2 A1 °°° DD M20 HS1T-DD44ZSM-G 41 + 42 ⊡ (Note) 51 + 52 ⊡ (Note) Monitor Circuit: ⊖ 11 + 12 (side-conduit model) Monitor Circuit: ⊖ 21 + 22

• See page 12 for circuit diagrams and operating characteristics.

#### 4-Contact/Dual Safety Circuit/Rear Unlock Button (Spring Lock)

Circuit Code	Contact Configuration	Gland Port Size	Spring lock Part No.
	Main Circuit: 1NC+1NC, 1NC+1NC Door Monitor (Actuator inserted) Lock Monitor (Solenoid OFF)	M20	HS1T-DD44ZLM-G
DD	Monitor Circuit: $\bigcirc$ 11 + 12 41 + 42 $\textcircled{1P}$ (Note) Monitor Circuit: $\bigcirc$ 21 + 22 51 + 52 $\textcircled{1P}$ (Note)	M20	HS1T-DD44ZLSM-G (side-conduit model)

• See page 12 for circuit diagrams and operating characteristics.

• The contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted and the switch is locked.

• Actuators are not supplied with the interlock switch and must be ordered separately.

IDEC

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Package Quantity: 1

Package Quantity: 1

4-Contact/Rear Unlock Button (Spring Lock)

					n (Spring	Sta	tus 1		atus 2	Status 3	S	tatus 4		king manually
Int	erlock Switch St	tatus				Door closed Machine read Solenoid de-		Door closed Machine ca Solenoid er	nnot be operated	Door open Machine cannot be opera Solenoid energized		annot be operated e-energized	Door closed Machine canno Solenoid de-er	
Do	Door Status					STAR STAR		STAR A		•Turn the manual unlock key (*1	•Press the rear unlocking button (*2)			
Cir	Circuit Example: HS1T-VA4				$\begin{array}{c} +) & \textcircled{(-)} \\ A2 & \textcircled{(-)} \\ \underline{41} & \underline{42} \\ \underline{53} & 54 \end{array}$	© <u>1112</u> <u>2324</u>	$(+) \qquad (-)$ $A2 \qquad (-)$ $A1 \qquad (-)$	$\begin{array}{c} & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & $				$(+) \qquad (-)$ $A2 \qquad (-)$ $A2 \qquad (-)$ $A1 \qquad (-)$ $A1 \qquad (-)$ $A1 \qquad (-)$ $A2 \qquad (-)$ $A1 \qquad (-)$ $A2 \qquad (-)$		
Do	or					Closed	(locked)	Closed	(unlocked)	Open		Open	Closed	(unlocked)
	HS1T-VA4 Door Monitou (Actuator inserte Monitor Circuit: ©11+ Monitor Circuit: 23 Monitor Circuit:	ed) (	Solen +) 2	Monitor noid OFF) An A1 42 Tr 54	Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11–12 Monitor Circuit (door open) 23–24 Monitor Circuit (locked) 41–42 Monitor Circuit (unlocked) 53–54									
	Monitor Circuit: $\ominus$ 1 <u>1</u> , Monitor Circuit: $\ominus$ 1 <u>1</u> , Monitor Circuit: 2 <u>3</u> Monitor Circuit:	12 24	<u>41</u> +	42 F	53-54 Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12 Monitor Circuit (door open) 23-24 Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42 Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52									
	HS1T-VC4 Monitor Circuit: ⊕1 <u>1</u> , Monitor Circuit: ⊕2 <u>1</u> , Monitor Circuit:		Monitor Circuit (door closed)           11-12           Monitor Circuit (door closed)           12         41-42											
Irt No. and Circuit Diagram	HS1T-VD4 Monitor Circuit: ⊕1 <u>1</u> , Monitor Circuit: ⊕2 <u>1</u> , Monitor Circuit:			42 ਾ 52 ਾ	53–54 Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11–12 Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21–22 Monitor Circuit (locked) 41–42 Monitor Circuit (locked)									
Part	HS1T-VF4 Monitor Circuit: $\ominus 1_{\pm}$ Monitor Circuit: $\ominus 2_{\pm}$ Monitor Circuit: $\ominus 3_{\pm}$	22	4 <u>1</u> +	<u>42</u> ษ	51-52 Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12 Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21-22 Monitor Circuit (door closed) 31-32 Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42									
	HS1T-VG4 Monitor Circuit: $\textcircled{O}1_{1+}$ Monitor Circuit: $\textcircled{O}2_{1+}$ Monitor Circuit: $33_{2-}$	22	4 <u>1</u> +	<u>42</u> ษ	Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11–12 Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21-22 Monitor Circuit (door open) 33-34 Monitor Circuit (door locked)									
	HS1T-VH4 Monitor Circuit: $\[theta]$ 1 <u>1</u> ,- Monitor Circuit: Monitor Circuit: Monitor Circuit:		5 <u>1</u> , 6 <u>1</u> ,	42 말 52 말 62 말	41-42 Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12 Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42 Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52 Monitor Circuit (locked) 61-62		energized)		nergized)	ON (energized)		e-energized)		energized)

• The contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted and the switch is locked.

• Monitor Circuit: Sends monitoring signals of protective door open/closed status (door monitor) or protective door lock/unlock status (lock monitor).

\*1) Actuator can be unlocked manually for confirming the door movement before wiring and energizing, and also for emergency situation such as power failure. \*2) When an operator is confined within a dangerous zone, the actuator can be unlocked manually by pressing the rear unlock button (rear unlock button model).

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# 4-Contact/Rear Unlock Button (Spring Lock)

			Sta	itus 1	Sta	atus 2	Status 3	Statu	is 4	When unlock	king manually
Int	erlock Switch Status		Door Closed Machine rea Solenoid de	dy to operate	Door Closed Machine car Solenoid en	not be operated	Door open Machine cannot be operated Solenoid energized	Door open Machine cannot be operated Solenoid de-energized		Door Closed Machine cannot Solenoid de-ene	
Do	or Status		STA A		S.			STAR .	<b>A</b>	•Turn the manual unlock key (*1)	•Press the rear unlocking button (*2)
Cir	rcuit Example: HS1T-VA4			$(+) \qquad (-) \\ A2 \qquad A1 \\ 41 \qquad 42 \\ 53 \qquad 54 $	11 - 12 $23 - 24$	$(+) \qquad (-)$ $A2 \qquad (-)$ $A1 \qquad (-)$ $A2 \qquad (-)$ $A1 \qquad (-)$ $A1 \qquad (-)$ $A2 \qquad (-)$ $A1 \qquad (-)$ $A1 \qquad (-)$ $A2 \qquad (-)$ $A1 \qquad (-)$ $A1 \qquad (-)$ $A1 \qquad (-)$ $A2 \qquad (-)$ $A1 \qquad (-)$	$\begin{array}{c} & (+) & (-) \\ & A2 & (-) \\ & A2 & (-) \\ & A1 & (-)$	$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} & \begin{array}{c} & \begin{array}{c} & \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{c} & \end{array} \\ & \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} & \begin{array}{c} \\ & \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ & \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ & \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ & \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ & \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ & \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ & \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ & \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \end{array}$		11 - 12 $23 - 24$	$\begin{array}{c} +) & \bigcirc & (-) \\ \underline{42} & \underbrace{44} & \underline{42} \\ \underline{41} & \underbrace{42} \\ \underline{53} & \underbrace{53} & \underline{54} \end{array}$
Do	or		Closed	l (locked)	Closed	(unlocked)	Open	Оре	en	Closed (u	unlocked)
Part No. and Circuit Diagram	HS1T-VJ4Door Monitor (Actuator inserted)Lock Monitor (Solenoid OFF) $1 \rightarrow 1$ $4 \rightarrow 42$ Monitor Circuit $\oplus 11 \rightarrow 12$ $4 \rightarrow 42$ Monitor Circuit $\oplus 11 \rightarrow 12$ $5 \rightarrow 52$ HS1T-VW4 $5 \rightarrow 52$ Monitor Circuit $\oplus 13 \rightarrow 14$ $4 \rightarrow 42$ Monitor Circuit $\oplus 13 \rightarrow 14$ $4 \rightarrow 42$ Monitor Circuit $\oplus 13 \rightarrow 14$ $4 \rightarrow 42$ Monitor Circuit $\oplus 13 \rightarrow 14$ $5 \rightarrow 52$ Monitor Circuit $\oplus 13 \rightarrow 14$ $5 \rightarrow 52$	Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12 Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42 Monitor Circuit (locked) 63-64 Monitor Circuit (door open) 13-14 Monitor Circuit (door open) 13-14 Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52 Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52 Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52									
Pa	HS1T-VX4Monitor Circuit: $\odot 13$ 1441, 42 ImMonitor Circuit:51, 52 ImMonitor Circuit:636364	Monitor Circuit (door open) 13–14 Monitor Circuit (locked) 41–42 Monitor Circuit (locked) 51–52 Monitor Circuit (unlocked) 63–64									
So	lenoid Power A1-A2 (all models)	00 04	OFF (de-	energized)	ON (e	nergized)	ON (energized)	OFF (de-er	nergized)	OFF (de-e	energized)

• The contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted and the switch is locked.

• Monitor Circuit: Sends monitoring signals of protective door open/closed status (door monitor) or protective door lock/unlock status (lock monitor).

\*1) Actuator can be unlocked manually for confirming the door movement before wiring and energizing, and also for emergency situation such as power failure. \*2) When an operator is confined within a dangerous zone, the actuator can be unlocked manually by pressing the rear unlock button (rear unlock button model).

#### **Operating Characteristics (Reference)**

(	prox.	4.2	ting Referenc (Locked posi (. 9.8 oprox. 11.6	tion)	on) prox. 28.5 (mm)
Door Monitor Circuit (door open, NO) Door Monitor Circuit (door closed, NC) Lock Monitor Circuit (unlocked, NO)		Aµ		Ap	Contacts ON (closed) Contacts OFF (open)
Lock Monitor Circuit (unlocked, NO) Lock Monitor Circuit (locked, NC)					

• The characteristics shown in the chart above are of the straight actuator (HS9Z-A11T) and right-angle actuator (HS9Z-A12T).

#### 4-Contact (Solenoid Lock)

				,		Sta	tus 1	Sta	atus 2	Sta	itus 3	Sta	tus 4	Unlocking using Manual Unlock Key
In	terlock Switch S	Status				Door closed	dy to operate	Door closed	not be operated	Door open	not be operated	Door open	not be operated	Door closed Machine cannot be operated Solenoid de-energized → energized
Door Status				STARK B		STR.		STR.					T	When unlocking manually
Circuit Example: HS1T-VA7Y						11 12 23 00 24	$\begin{array}{c} (+) & (-) \\ A2 & A1 \\ \underline{41} & 42 \\ \underline{53} & 54 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c}                                     $	$(+) \qquad (-) \\ A2 \qquad A1 \\ 41 \qquad 42 \\ 53 \qquad 54 $	$ \begin{array}{c}                                     $	$(+) \qquad (-) $	$\begin{array}{c} \textcircled{0}{0} & \textcircled{0}{0} \\ \hline \\ 11 \\ -12 \\ \underline{23} \\ 00 \\ \underline{24} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} +) & \bigcirc & (-) \\ \underline{A2} & \underbrace{41} & \underline{A1} \\ \underline{41} & \underbrace{42} \\ \underline{53} & \underbrace{53} & 54 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} & (+) \\ & (-) \\ & A2 \\ \hline \\ & A2 \\ \hline \\ & A1 \\ \hline \\ & A2 \\ \hline \\ & A1 \\ \hline \\ & A1 \\ \hline \\ & A1 \\ \hline \\ & A2 \\ \hline \\ & A1 \\ \hline \\ & A1 \\ \hline \\ & A2 \\ \hline \\ & A1 \\ \hline \\ & A1 \\ \hline \\ & A2 \\ \hline \\ & A1 \\ \hline \\ & A2 \\ \hline \\ & A1 \\ \hline \\ & A1 \\ \hline \\ & A2 \\ \hline \\ & A1 \\ \hline \\ & A2 \\ \hline \\ & A1 \\ \hline \\ & A1 \\ \hline \\ & A2 \\ \hline \\ & A1 \\ \hline \\ & A1 \\ \hline \\ & A2 \\ \hline \\ & A1 \\ \hline \\ & A2 \\ \hline \\ & A1 \\ \hline \\ & A2 \\ \hline \\ & A1 \\ \hline \\ & A2 \\ \hline \\ & A1 \\ \hline \\ & A2 \\ \hline \\ & A2 \\ \hline \\ & A1 \\ \hline \\ & A2 \\ \hline \\ & A2 \\ \hline \\ & A1 \\ \hline \\ & A2 \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ & A2 \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ & A2 \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ & A2 \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $
Do	or					Closed	(locked)	Closed	(unlocked)	0	pen	0	ben	Closed (unlocked)
	HS1T-VA7Y Door Monitor (Actuator inserte	ed) (	Sole	Monitor noid ON)	Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11–12 Monitor Circuit (door open) 23–24 Monitor Circuit									
	Monitor Circuit: $\odot 1_{1+}$ Monitor Circuit: $2_{3-}$ Monitor Circuit:	12	_	<b>42 I</b> (*3)	Monitor Circuit (locked) 41–42 Monitor Circuit (unlocked) 53–54 Monitor Circuit									
u	HS1T-VB7Y Monitor Circuit: ⊕1 <u>1</u> +	12	41.	<b>42</b> 1 (*3)	(door closed) 11–12 Monitor Circuit (door open) 23–24									
rcuit Diagran	Monitor Circuit: 23 Monitor Circuit:	24		<u>52</u> 1 (*3)	Monitor Circuit (locked) 41–42 Monitor Circuit (locked) 51–52									
Part No. and Circuit Diagram	HS1T-VC7Y Monitor Circuit: ⊕11_4 Monitor Circuit: ⊕21_4	:⊖1 <u>1, 12</u> 41		<u>42</u> ]]*(*3)	Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11–12 Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21–22 Monitor Circuit									
	Monitor Circuit:		53	54	(locked) 41–42 Monitor Circuit (unlocked) 53–54 Monitor Circuit									
	HS1T-VD7Y Monitor Circuit: $\textcircled{O}1_{1}$ Monitor Circuit: $\textcircled{O}2_{1}$ Monitor Circuit:	22		42 ษ(*3) 52 ษ(*3)	Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11–12 Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21–22 Monitor Circuit (locked) 41–42									
6				41–42 Monitor Circuit (locked) 51–52						P	011/		OFF (de-energized)	
So	lenoid Power A	1-A2	(all i	models)		UN (er	ergized)	UFF (de	-energized)	UFF (de-	energized)	UN (ener	gized) (*2)	$\rightarrow$ ON (energized) (*1) (*2)

• The contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted and the switch is locked.

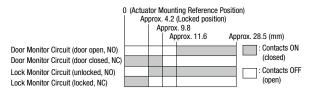
• Monitor Circuit: Sends monitoring signals of protective door open/closed status (door monitor) or protective door lock/unlock status (lock monitor).

\*1) Do not attempt manual unlocking when the solenoid is energized.

\*2) Do not energize the solenoid for a long time while the door is open or when the door is unlocked manually.

\*3) Both spring lock and solenoid lock models have marking for lock monitoring. Note that solenoid lock models can be used in applications where lock for safety purpose is found unnecessary after a risk assessment, e.g. locking is needed for purposes such as in production processes.

#### **Operating Characteristics (Reference)**



• The characteristics shown in the chart above are of the straight actuator (HS9Z-A11T) and right-angle actuator (HS9Z-A12T).

#### 4-Contact (Solenoid Lock)

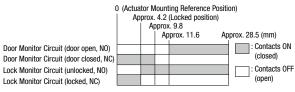
	Status 1	Status 2	Status 3	Status 4	Unlocking using Manual Unlock Key
Interlock Switch Status	Door closed Machine ready to operate Solenoid energized	Door closed Machine cannot be operated Solenoid de-energized	Door open Machine cannot be operated Solenoid de-energized	Door open Machine cannot be operated Solenoid energized	Door closed Machine cannot be operated Solenoid de-energized → energized
Door Status	S. TANK	STARE A	STAR R	5378 <b>B</b>	When unlocking manually
Circuit Example: HS1T-VA7Y	$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} & (+) & (-) \\ & A2 & A1 \\ \hline 11_{\bullet \bullet} 12 & 41_{\bullet \bullet} 42 \\ \hline 23_{\circ \circ} 24 & 53_{\circ \circ} 54 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \textcircled{0} \\ \textcircled{0} \\ \textcircled{0} \\ \textcircled{0} \\ A2 \\ \hline (-) \\ \textcircled{0} \\ A2 \\ \hline (-) \\ A1 \\ \hline (-) \\ A2 \\ \hline (-) \\ A1 \\ \hline (-) \\ (-) $	$\begin{array}{c} & & (+) & (-) \\ & & A2 & (-) \\ & & A2 & (-) \\ & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A2 & (-) \\ & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A2 & (-) \\ & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A1 & (-) \\ & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A1 & (-) \\ & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A2 & (-) \\ \hline & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A2 & (-) \\ \hline & & A2 & (-) \\ \hline & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A2 & (-) \\ \hline & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A2 & (-) \\ \hline & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A2 & (-) \\ \hline & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A2 & (-) \\ \hline & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A2 & (-) \\ \hline & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A2 & (-) \\ \hline & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A2 & (-) \\ \hline & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A2 & (-) \\ \hline & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A2 & (-) \\ \hline & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A2 & (-) \\ \hline & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A2 & (-) \\ \hline & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A2 & (-) \\ \hline & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A2 & (-) \\ \hline & & A1 & (-)$	$\begin{array}{c} \textcircled{\begin{array}{c} & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & $
Door	Closed (locked)	Closed (unlocked)	Open	Open	Closed (unlocked)
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	ed) rcuit ed) rcuit rcuit rcuit rcuit				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	rcuit cruit cruit cruit cruit				
HS1T-VG7Y Monitor ( (door cl Monitor Circuit: ⊖11, 12 41, 42 ⊕r(*3) Monitor (*3)	rcuit ed) crcuit ed) crcuit m) rcuit				
HS1T-VJ7Y         Monitor Circuit:         011-1         Monitor Circuit:         Monitor Circuit:         011-1         Monitor Circuit:         011-1         Monitor Circuit:         Monitor Circuit:         011-1         Monitor Circuit:         Monitor Circuit:         Monitor Circuit:         Monitor Circuit:         Monitor Circuit:	rcuit ) crcuit ) crcuit di				
HS1T-VW7Y         Monitor (door of 13-1)           Monitor Circuit: ⊕13         14         41, 42         1/2         1/3           Monitor Circuit: ⊕13         14         41, 42         1/2         1/3           Monitor Circuit: ⊕13         14         41, 42         1/2         1/3           Monitor Circuit:         51, 52         1/2         1/2         1/4           Monitor Circuit:         61, 62         1/2         1/2         1/2           Monitor Circuit:         61, 62         1/2         1/2         1/2	rcuit cruit cruit cruit cruit				
61-6         Monitor           HS1T-VX7Y         Monitor (door of 13-1)           Monitor Circuit: ©13         14         41-42         14/(*)           Monitor Circuit:         51, 52         14/(*)         14-4           Monitor Circuit:         63         64         Monitor (lock           Monitor Circuit:         63         64         Monitor (lock	rcuit cruit cruit cruit d)				
Solenoid Power A1-A2 (all models)	ON (energized)	OFF (de-energized)	OFF (de-energized)	ON (energized) (*2)	OFF (de-energized) $\rightarrow$ ON (energized) (*1) (*2)

 The contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted and the switch is locked.

 Monitor Circuit: Sends monitoring signals of protective door open/closed status (door monitor) or protective door lock/unlock status (lock monitor).

- \*1) Do not attempt manual unlocking when the solenoid is energized.
- \*2) Do not energize the solenoid for a long time while the door is open or when the door is unlocked manually.
- \*3) Both spring lock and solenoid lock models have marking for lock monitoring. Note that solenoid lock models can be used in applications where lock for safety purpose is found unnecessary after a risk assessment, e.g. locking is needed for purposes such as in production processes.

#### **Operating Characteristics (Reference)**



- The characteristics shown in the chart above are of the straight actuator (HS9Z-A11T) and right-angle actuator (HS9Z-A12T).
- The operation characteristics show the contact status when the actuator enters the entry slot of an interlock switch.

4-Contact/Dual Safety Circuit, 4-Contact/Dual Safety Circuit/Rear Unlock Button (Spring Lock)

	<b>/</b> /				Button (opinig Et	· ·	
			Status 1	Status 2	Status 3	Status 4	Unlocking using Manual Unlock Key
Int	Interlock Switch Status		Door closed	Door closed	Door open	Door open	Door closed
			Machine ready to operate Solenoid de-energized	Machine cannot be operated Solenoid energized	Machine cannot be operated Solenoid energized	Machine cannot be operated Solenoid de-energized	Machine cannot be operated Solenoid de-energized
Do	or Status		State	Street			• Turn the manual unlock key (*1) • Tess the rear unlocking unlock (*2)
Cir	cuit Example: HS1T-DD4			(+) ↓ A2 ↓ A2 ↓ A1		(+) ↓ A2 ↓ ↓ ↓ A1	(+) ↓ A2 ↓ ↓ A1
	cuit Example. Not 1 DD4		11 12 41 42				<u>11 12 41 42</u>
			2 <u>1 22 51 52</u>	2 <u>1 122 51 152</u>	2 <u>1 <u>2</u>2 <u>51 <u>52</u></u></u>	$21 \xrightarrow{1} 22 51 \xrightarrow{1} 52$	2 <u>1 22 51 52</u>
Do	or		Closed (locked)	Closed (unlocked)	Open	Open	Closed (unlocked)
Iram	HS1T-DD44 Door Monitor (Actuator inserted)	Main Circuit 11–42					
Part No. and Circuit Diagram	$\begin{array}{c} & (+) & (-) & (-) \\ & & A2 & (-) \\ & & A2 & (-) \\ & & A1 \\ \hline \\ & Monitor Circuit: \\ & 21, 22 & 51, 52 \\ \hline \\ & & & & & \\ \end{array}$	Main Circuit 21–52					
urt No. and	HS1T-DD44L Monitor Circuit: ⊖11, 12 41, 42 ₪	Main Circuit 11–42					
Pa	Monitor Circuit: $21+22$ $51+52$	Main Circuit 21–52					
So	lenoid Power A1-A2 (all model)		OFF (de-energized)	ON (energized)	ON (energized)	OFF (de-energized)	OFF (de-energized)

• The contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted and the switch is locked.

• Main Circuit: Connected to the control circuit of machine drive part, sending interlock signals of the protective door.

• For safety circuit input, connect to the monitor circuit.

\*1) Actuator can be unlocked manually for confirming the door movement before wiring and energizing, and also for emergency situation such as power failure. \*2) When an operator is confined within a dangerous zone, the actuator can be unlocked manually by pressing the rear unlock button. (rear unlock button model)

#### **Operating Characteristics (Reference)**



• The characteristics shown in the chart above are of the straight actuator (HS9Z-A11T) and right-angle actuator (HS9Z-A12T).

#### 2-Contact (Spring Lock)

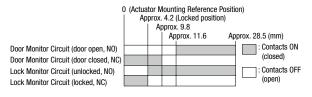
			Status 1	Status 2	Status 3	Status 4	When unlocking manually
In	terlock Switch Status		Door closed Machine ready to operate Solenoid de-energized	Door closed Machine cannot be operated Solenoid energized	Door open Machine cannot be operated Solenoid energized	Door open Machine cannot be operated Solenoid de-energized	Door closed Machine cannot be operated Solenoid de-energized
De	oor Status		STAR.	STREE .	STAR A	STAR IN	•Turn the manual unlock key (*1)
Ci	rcuit Example: HS1T-XD4		$\begin{array}{c} & (+) & (-) \\ & A2 & A1 \\ 11 & 12 & 41 & 42 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} & & (+) & \bigcirc & (-) \\ & & A2 & & A1 \\ & & A2 & & A1 \\ 11 & & 12 & 41 & & 42 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \textcircled{\begin{tabular}{c} \hline \end{tabular} \\ \hline $	$\begin{array}{c} \textcircled{\begin{tabular}{c} & (+) & \textcircled{\begin{tabular}{c} & (-) \\ \hline & A2 & \textcircled{\begin{tabular}{c} & A1 \\ \hline & A2 & \underbrace{\begin{tabular}{c} & A1 \\ \hline & & A1 & \underbrace{\begin{tabular}{c} & A1 \\ \hline & & & A1 \\ \hline & & & & A1 \\ \hline & & & & & A1 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & &$
D	Dor		Closed (locked)	Closed (unlocked)	Open	Open	Closed (unlocked)
L L	HS1T-XD4 Door Monitor (Actuator inserted) Cool HS1C-XD4 Lock Monitor (Solenoid OFF) Cool HS1C-XD4 (Solenoid OFF) Cool HS1C-XD4 (Solenoid OFF) Cool HS1C-XD4 A2 HS1C-XD4 Monitor (Solenoid OFF) Cool HS1C-XD4	Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12 Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42					
Part No. and Circuit Diagram	Monitor Circuit:         41: 42 IF           HS1T-XH4         Monitor Circuit:         41: 42 IF           Monitor Circuit:         51: 52 IF	Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42					
t No. and C	Monitor Circuit: 5 <u>1</u> , <u>52</u> 🕑	Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52					
Par	HS1T-XJ4 Monitor Circuit: 41, 42 Iv Monitor Circuit: 53 54	Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42					
	Monitor Circuit: 5 <u>3</u> 54	Monitor Circuit (locked) 53-54					
So	olenoid Power A1-A2 (all model)		OFF (de-energized)	ON (energized)	ON (energized)	OFF (de-energized)	OFF (de-energized)

• The contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted and the switch is locked.

• Monitor Circuit: Sends monitoring signals of protective door open/closed status (door monitor) or protective door lock/unlock status (lock monitor).

\*1) Actuator can be unlocked manually for confirming the door movement before wiring and energizing, and also for emergency situation such as power failure. \*2) When an operator is confined within a dangerous zone, the actuator can be unlocked manually by pressing the rear unlock button. (rear unlock button model)

#### **Operating Characteristics (Reference)**



• The characteristics shown in the chart above are of the straight actuator (HS9Z-A11T) and right-angle actuator (HS9Z-A12T).

#### 2-Contact (Solenoid Lock)

			Status 1	Status 2	Status 3	Status 4	Unlocking using Manual Unlock Key
Int	erlock Switch Status		Door closed Machine ready to operate Solenoid energized	Door closed Machine cannot be operated Solenoid de-energized	Door open Machine cannot be operated Solenoid de-energized	Door open Machine cannot be operated Solenoid energized	Door closed Machine cannot be operated Solenoid de-energized → energized
Do	or Status		STAR	STAR B	STAR	STATE OF	मिस मुझ्म When unlocking manually
Cir	cuit Example: HS1T-XD7Y		$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} \textcircled{0} & \textcircled{0} & (+) &  &  & (-) \\ & & A2 &  & A1 \\ 11 &  & 12 & 41 &  & 42 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \textcircled{\begin{tabular}{c} & (+) & \overleftarrow{\begin{tabular}{c} & (-) \\ \hline & A2 & \overleftarrow{\begin{tabular}{c} & (-) \\ \hline & A2 & \overleftarrow{\begin{tabular}{c} & A1 \\ \hline & A1 & \hline \\ \hline & 11 & \overleftarrow{\begin{tabular}{c} & 12 \\ \hline & 12 & 41 & \underbrace{\begin{tabular}{c} & A1 \\ \hline & \bullet & 42 \\ \hline & \bullet & \bullet & 42 \\ \hline \end{array}}$
Do	or		Closed (locked)	Closed (unlocked)	Open	Open	Closed (unlocked)
	HS1T-XD7Y Door Monitor (Actuator inserted) (Solenoid ON) (+) CCT(-)	Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12					
	Core         (+)         (-)           A1         A1           Monitor Circuit:         11, 12           Monitor Circuit:         41, 42 (⊉(*4))	Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42					
	HS1T-XF7Y (*3) Monitor Circuit: ⊕11, 12 Monitor Circuit: ⊕21, 22	Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12					
am		Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21-22					
Part No. and Circuit Diagram	HS1T-XG7Y (*3) Monitor Circuit: ⊖11, 12 Monitor Circuit: 23 24	Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12					
t No. and C	Moliitor Circuit: 2 <u>3_124</u>	Monitor Circuit (door open) 23-24					
Pai	HS1T-XH7Y Monitor Circuit: 4 <u>1,</u> 42 ⊕(*4) Monitor Circuit: 5 <u>1,</u> 52 ⊕(*4)	Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42					
	monitor offcuit: <u>31-32</u> (19) <sup>(4)</sup>	Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52					
	HS1T-XJ7Y Monitor Circuit: 41+42 1 (*4)	Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42					
	Monitor Circuit: 5 <u>3</u> 54	Monitor Circuit (locked) 53-54					
So	lenoid Power A1-A2 (all models)		OFF (energized)	OFF (de-energized)	OFF (de-energized)	ON (energized) (*2)	OFF (de-energized) $\rightarrow$ ON (energized) (*1) (*2)

• The contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted and the switch is locked.

• Monitor Circuit: Sends monitoring signals of protective door open/closed status (door monitor) or protective door lock/unlock status (lock monitor).

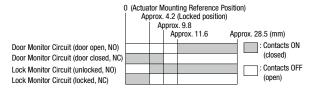
\*1) Do not unlock manually while the solenoid is energized.

\*2) Do not energize the solenoid for a long period of time while the door is open or while the door is unlocked manually.

\*3) Circuit codes XF and XG do not have signals to notify whether the switch is locked or unlocked. A different method should be used to check the lock status.
\*4) Both spring lock and solenoid lock models have marking for lock monitoring. Note that solenoid lock models can be used in applications where lock for safety

purpose is found unnecessary after a risk assessment, e.g. locking is needed for purposes such as in production processes.

#### **Operating Characteristics (Reference)**



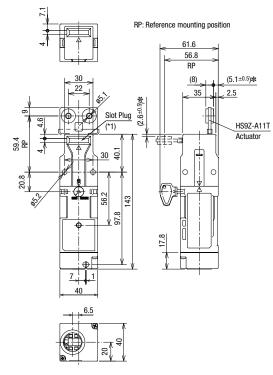
- The characteristics shown in the chart above are of the straight actuator (HS9Z-A11T) and right-angle actuator (HS9Z-A12T).
- The operation characteristics show the contact status when the actuator enters the entry slot of an interlock switch.

# Interlock Switch Dimensions and Mounting Hole Layouts

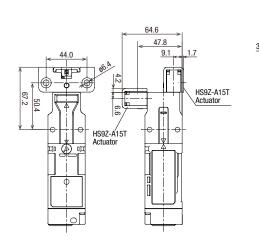
All dimensions in mm

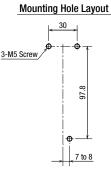
#### HS1T-DD4ZM-G

When using horizontal mounting/straight actuator (HS9Z-A11T)



When using angle adjustable actuator (HS9Z-A15T)



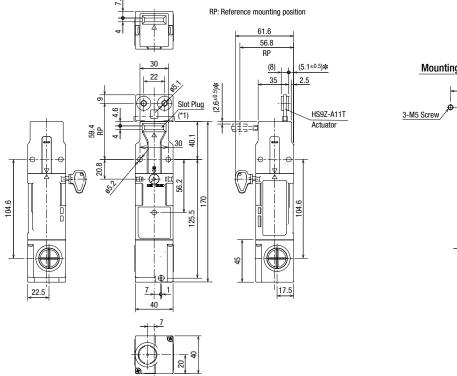


Accessories (supplied) Manual Unlock Key (Material: Plastic)



# HS1T-D24ZSM-G (side-conduit model)

When using horizontal mounting/straight actuator (HS9Z-A11T)



**Mounting Hole Layout** 



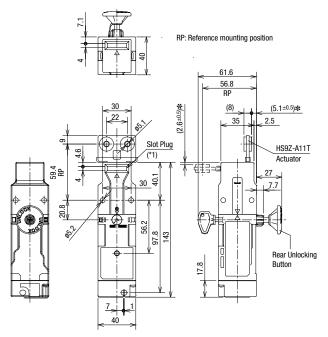
• Dimensions above are at factory setting.

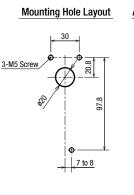
\*1) Be sure to plug unused actuator entry slots using square plugs so that dust does not enter into the entry slots. (Square plug is inserted at factory setting.) \* Actuator mounting reference position

# Interlock Switch Dimensions and Mounting Hole Layouts

### HS1T-DD4ZLM-G (with rear unlock button)

When using Horizontal Mounting/Straight Actuator (HS9Z-A11T)

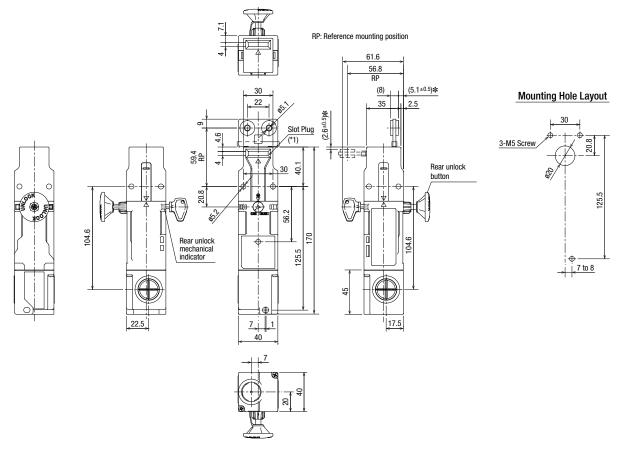








HS1T-□□4ZLSM-G (side-conduit model/rear unlock button) When using Horizontal Mounting/Straight Actuator (HS9Z-A11T)



• Dimensions above are at factory setting.

\*1) Be sure to plug unused actuator entry slots using square plugs so that dust does not enter into the entry slots. (Square plug is inserted at factory setting.)

\* Actuator mounting reference position

# Actuator / Accessory

#### Actuator

Description	Part No. (Ordering Part No.)	Package Quantity	Remarks
Straight with rubber bushings	HS9Z-A11T	1	
Right-angle with rubber bushings	HS9Z-A12T	1	Actuator retention force is Fzh=5,000N.
Angle adjustable	HS9Z-A15T	1	

• Above actuators can only be used for HS1T. Do not used on other models.

Note) Use dedicated actuators only. When other actuators are used, the interlock switch may be damaged.

#### Accessory

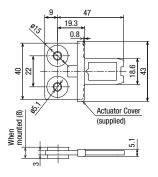
Description	Part No. (Ordering Part No.)	Package Quantity	Remarks
Manual Unlock Key (long)	HS9Z-T3	1	Material: Metal (Used if the HS1T is installed far inside the equipment to reach to the manual lock.)

# Interlock Switch Dimensions and Mounting Hole Layouts

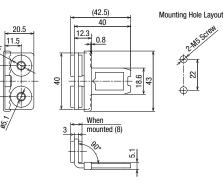
5

### Actuator

Straight with rubber bushings HS9Z-A11T

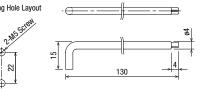


Right-angle with rubber bushings HS9Z-A12T

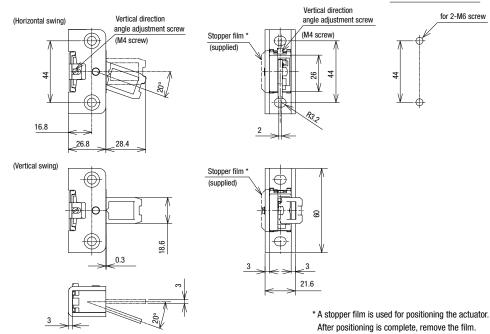


# Accessory

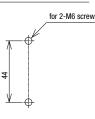
Manual Unlock Key (long) (metal) HS9Z-T3



#### Angle adjustable HS9Z-A15T



#### Mounting Hole Layout



After positioning is complete, remove the film.

# A Safety Precautions

- Turn power off before installation, removal, wiring, maintenance, or inspection of the interlock switch. Otherwise electric shock or fire may occur.
- If relays are used in the circuit between the interlock switch and the load, use only safety relays, since welded or sticking contacts of standard relays may invalidate the functions of the interlock switch.
   Perform a risk assessment and make a safety circuit which satisfies the requirements of the safety category.
- Do not place a PLC in the circuit between the interlock switch and the load. Safety security can be endangered in the event of a malfunction of the PLC.
- Do not disassemble or modify the interlock switch, otherwise malfunction or accident may occur.
- Do not install the actuator in a location where a human body may come into contact. Otherwise injury may occur.

- Solenoid lock is locked when energized, and unlocked when deenergized. When energization is interrupted due to wire disconnection or other failures, the interlock switch may be unlocked causing possible danger to the operators. Solenoid lock must not be used in applications where locking is strictly required for safety. Perform a risk assessment and determine whether solenoid lock is required.
- HS11T interlock switches are Type 2 low level coded interlocking devices (IS014119). According to EN ISO/ IS014119, the following is required to minimize defeat when installing and constructing systems:
- Prevent dismantling or de-positioning of the elements of the interlocking device by use of non-detachable fixing (e.g. welding, gluing, one-way screws, riveting). However, use of non-detachable fixing can be an inappropriate solution in cases where a failure of the interlocking device during lifetime of the machinery can be expected and a fast change is necessary. In this case, measures mentioned below should be used to provide the required level of risk reduction.
- 2. Apply at least one out of the four measures below.
- ① Mounting out of reach.
- <sup>②</sup> Physical obstruction or shielding.
- ③ Mounting in hidden position.
- Integration of defeat monitoring by means of status monitoring/cyclic testing.

# Instructions

For details on installation, wiring, and maintenance, see the Instruction Sheet and User's Manual from the URL. https://product.idec.com/?product=HS1T



#### Installation

- Do not apply excessive shock to the interlock switch when opening or closing the door. A shock to the interlock switch exceeding 1,000 m/s<sup>2</sup> may cause damage to the interlock switch.
- Install a guide on the door and make sure that force is not applied in the direction other than the actuator entry direction.
- Do not pull the actuator during lock status. Do not use the interlock switch as a locking device regardless of the door type. To install a locking device, use a bracket as mentioned in page 3 of the instruction manual.
- Make sure that the installation surface of the interlock switch is flat and has sufficient strength to not deform when the interlock switch is installed. Also, do not place foreign objects between the interlock switch and the installation surface. The interlock switch may not operate properly if the surface is not flat of a foreign object is placed in between.
- If the operating atmosphere is contaminated, use a protective cover to prevent entry of foreign objects into the interlock switch through the actuator entry slots. Entry of foreign objects into the interlock switch may affect the mechanism of the interlock switch and cause a breakdown.
- Make sure that the actuator does not scape the entry of the metal head. Otherwise, damage may occur.

Install the interlock switch in a location where there is no risk of damage.

Also, perform risk assessment before use and take measures such as attaching a protective cover if necessary.

- While the solenoid is energized, the interlock switch temperature rises approximately 40°C above the ambient temperature (to approximately 95°C while the ambient temperature is 55°C). To prevent burns, do not touch. If cables come into contact with the interlock switch, use heat-resistant cables.
- The solenoid has polarity. Make sure of the correct polarity when wiring. Do not apply overvoltage, otherwise the solenoid will be burnt.
- When wiring, make sure that water or oil does not enter from the end of the cable.
- Use dedicated actuators only. If other actuators are used, the interlock switch may be damaged.
- When wiring to the terminal block using a screwdriver while holding the interlock switch in the hands, be careful not to damage fingers with the tip of the screwdriver.
- Do not push in the screwdriver with excessive force when wiring to the terminal block. Internal parts may crack and cause damage.
- Regardless of door types, do not use the interlock switch as a door stop. Install a mechanical door stop at the end of the door to protect the interlock switch against excessive force.
- Safety function of the door interlock switch will be lost if a spare key is inserted into the interlock switch. Make sure that a spare key is not used on the interlock switch.
- Do not cut or modify the actuator. Otherwise, damage may occur.
- If multiple safety components are wired in series, the Performance Level to EN ISO 13849-1 will be reduced due to degradation of the failure detection function.
- Insulation of the cable should withstand environmental influences.
- The entire concept of the control system, in which the safety component is integrated, must be validated to EN ISO 13849-2.

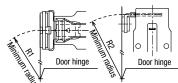
## Instructions

# Minimum Radius of Hinged Door

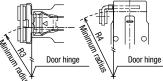
When using the interlock switch for a hinged door, refer to the minimum radius of doors shown below. For the doors with small minimum radius, use angle adjustable actuators (HS9Z-A15T).

Note: The following values apply when the actuator does not interfere with the interlock switch when opening and closing the door. Because deviation or dislocation of hinged door may occur in actual applications, make sure of the correct operation before installation.

When the door hinge is on the extension line of the actuator mounting surface:



When the door hinge is on the extension line of the interlock switch surface:



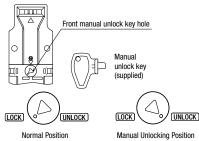
Actuator	Minimum Radius of Hinged Door				
Actuator	R1	R2	R3	R4	
HS9Z-A11T	510mm	900mm	270mm	450mm	
HS9Z-A12T	510mm	840mm	270mm	450mm	
HS9Z-A15T	80mm	80mm	50mm	50mm	

## **Rotating the Head**

- The rotating head has an allowable movement range. Do not turn the head exceed the movement range. Otherwise, damage may occur.
- $\bullet$  Tightening the head stopper screw withoug aligning the  $\bigtriangleup$  marks indicated on the head and body and may cause damage
- After installing the rear unlocking button, apply thread-locking adhesive to the screw so that the screw does not loosen.
- Make sure that foreign objects do not enter between the head and body when rotating the head.
- Make sure to tighten the head stopper screw securely. Loose screws may cause malfunction.
- Do not loosen the head stopper screw other than when rotating the head.

# Manual Unlocking

- When locking or unlocking the interlock switch manually, turn the key fully using the manual unlock key supplied with the interlock switch as shown below. Using the interlock switch with the key not fully turned (less than 90°) may cause damage to the interlock switch or operation failures.
- When manually unlocked, the interlock switch will keep the main circuit disconnected and the door unlocked. Main circuit and lock monitor circuit remain open.



#### HS1T-□4

The HS1T- $\Box$ 4 allows manual unlocking of the actuator to pre-check proper door operation before wiring or turning power on, as well as for emergency use such as a power failure.

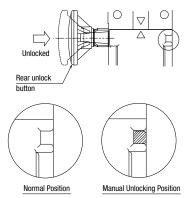
## HS1T-□7Y

The solenoid interlock switch does not unlock even when the solenoid is de-energized. However, the interlock switch can be unlocked manually in emergency cases.

#### Notes

- Before manually unlocking the interlock switch, make sure that the machine has come to a complete stop. Manual unlocking during operation may unlock the interlock switch before the machine stops, and the function of interlock switch with solenoid is lost.
- On solenoid lock models, do not manually unlock while the solenoid is energized.
- Do not apply excessive force (0.45 N·m or more) to the manual unlock key hole, otherwise the hole will be damaged.
- Do not leave the manual unlock key attached to the interlock switch during operation. This is dangerous because the interlock switch can be unlocked while the machine is in operation.

# Rear Unlock Button and Mechanical Indicator HS1T-□L



- Use the rear unlock button when a worker is locked inside a safety fence (hazard area). (Compliant with escape release described in EN ISO/ ISO 14119 [2003] and GS-ET-19)
- When the rear unlock button is pressed, the interlock switch is unlocked and the door can be opened.
- To lock the interlock switch, pull back the button. When the button remains pressed, the interlock switch cannot be locked even if the door is closed, and the main circuit remains open.
- When the rear unlock button is pressed, the mechanical indicator is displayed on the side of the interlock switch. The lock status can be identified from outside the safety fence.
- Install the rear unlock mechanical indicator on either side of the interlock switch.

#### Notes

- Install the rear unlock button inside the safety fence (hazardous area) where only the operator is accessible. Do not install where the rear unlock button can be reached by an operator outside the safety fence (hazardous area). Otherwise, the interlock switch may be unlocked during machine operation, causing danger.
- Operate the rear unlock button by hand only. Do not use a tool or with excessive force. Do not apply force to the button from the direction other than the proper direction, otherwise the button will be damaged.

# **Ordering Terms and Conditions**

#### Thank you for using IDEC Products.

By purchasing products listed in our catalogs, datasheets, and the like (hereinafter referred to as "Catalogs") you agree to be bound by these terms and conditions. Please read and agree to the terms and conditions before placing your order.

#### 1. Notes on contents of Catalogs

- (1) Rated values, performance values, and specification values of IDEC products listed in this Catalog are values acquired under respective conditions in independent testing, and do not guarantee values gained in combined conditions. Also, durability varies depending on the usage environment and usage conditions.
- (2) Reference data and reference values listed in Catalogs are for reference purposes only, and do not guarantee that the product will always operate appropriately in that range.
- (3) The specifications / appearance and accessories of IDEC products listed in Catalogs are subject to change or termination of sales without notice, for improvement or other reasons.
- (4) The content of Catalogs is subject to change without notice.

#### 2. Note on applications

- (1) If using IDEC products in combination with other products, confirm the applicable laws / regulations and standards. Also, confirm that IDEC products are compatible with your systems, machines, devices, and the like by using under the actual conditions. IDEC shall bear no liability whatsoever regarding the compatibility with IDEC products.
- (2) The usage examples and application examples listed in Catalogs are for reference purposes only. Therefore, when introducing a product, confirm the performance and safety of the instruments, devices, and the like before use. Furthermore, regarding these examples, IDEC does not grant license to use IDEC products to you, and IDEC offers no warranties regarding the ownership of intellectual property rights or non-infringement upon the intellectual property rights of third parties.
- (3) When using IDEC products, be cautious when implementing the following.
   i. Use of IDEC products with sufficient allowance for rating and
  - performanceii. Safety design, including redundant design and malfunction prevention design that prevents other danger and damage even in the event that an
  - design that prevents other danger and damage even in the event that an IDEC product failsiii. Wiring and installation that ensures the IDEC product used in your
  - system, machine, device, or the like can perform and function according to its specifications
- (4) Continuing to use an IDEC product even after the performance has deteriorated can result in abnormal heat, smoke, fires, and the like due to insulation deterioration or the like. Perform periodic maintenance for IDEC products and the systems, machines, devices, and the like in which they are used.
- (5) IDEC products are developed and manufactured as general-purpose products for general industrial products. They are not intended for use in the following applications, and in the event that you use an IDEC product for these applications, unless otherwise agreed upon between you and IDEC, IDEC shall provide no guarantees whatsoever regarding IDEC products.
  - i. Use in applications that require a high degree of safety, including nuclear power control equipment, transportation equipment (railroads / airplanes / ships / vehicles / vehicle instruments, etc.), equipment for use in outer space, elevating equipment, medical instruments, safety devices, or any other equipment, instruments, or the like that could endanger life or human health
  - ii. Use in applications that require a high degree of reliability, such as provision systems for gas / waterworks / electricity, etc., systems that operate continuously for 24 hours, and settlement systems
  - iii. Use in applications where the product may be handled or used deviating from the specifications or conditions / environment listed in the Catalogs, such as equipment used outdoors or applications in environments subject to chemical pollution or electromagnetic interference If you would like to use IDEC products in the above applications, be sure to consult with an IDEC sales representative.

#### 3. Inspections

We ask that you implement inspections for IDEC products you purchase without delay, as well as thoroughly keep in mind management/maintenance regarding handling of the product before and during the inspection.

#### 4. Warranty

(1) Warranty period

The warranty period for IDEC products shall be one (1) year after purchase or delivery to the specified location. However, this shall not apply in cases where there is a different specification in the Catalogs or there is another agreement in place between you and IDEC.

#### (2) Warranty scope

Should a failure occur in an IDEC product during the above warranty period for reasons attributable to IDEC, then IDEC shall replace or repair that product, free of charge, at the purchase location / delivery location of the product, or an IDEC service base. However, failures caused by the following reasons shall be deemed outside the scope of this warranty.

- i. The product was handled or used deviating from the conditions / environment listed in the Catalogs
- ii. The failure was caused by reasons other than an IDEC product
- iii. Modification or repair was performed by a party other than IDEC
- iv. The failure was caused by a software program of a party other than IDEC
- v. The product was used outside of its original purpose
- vi. Replacement of maintenance parts, installation of accessories, or the like was not performed properly in accordance with the user's manual and Catalogs
- vii. The failure could not have been predicted with the scientific and technical standards at the time when the product was shipped from IDEC.
- viii. The failure was due to other causes not attributable to IDEC (including cases of force majeure such as natural disasters and other disasters)
- Furthermore, the warranty described here refers to a warranty on the IDEC product as a unit, and damages induced by the failure of an IDEC product are excluded from this warranty.

#### 5. Limitation of liability

The warranty listed in this Agreement is the full and complete warranty for IDEC products, and IDEC shall bear no liability whatsoever regarding special damages, indirect damages, incidental damages, or passive damages that occurred due to an IDEC product.

#### 6. Service scope

China

Taiwan

The prices of IDEC products do not include the cost of services, such as dispatching technicians. Therefore, separate fees are required in the following cases.

- Instructions for installation / adjustment and accompaniment at test operation (including creating application software and testing operation, etc.)
- (2) Maintenance inspections, adjustments, and repairs
- (3) Technical instructions and technical training
- (4) Product tests or inspections specified by you

The above content assumes transactions and usage within your region. Please consult with an IDEC sales representative regarding transactions and usage outside of your region. Also, IDEC provides no guarantees whatsoever regarding IDEC products sold outside your region.

# IDEC CORPORATION

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		India	IDEC Controls India Private Ltd.

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